# The hybrid TW-SW photoinjector

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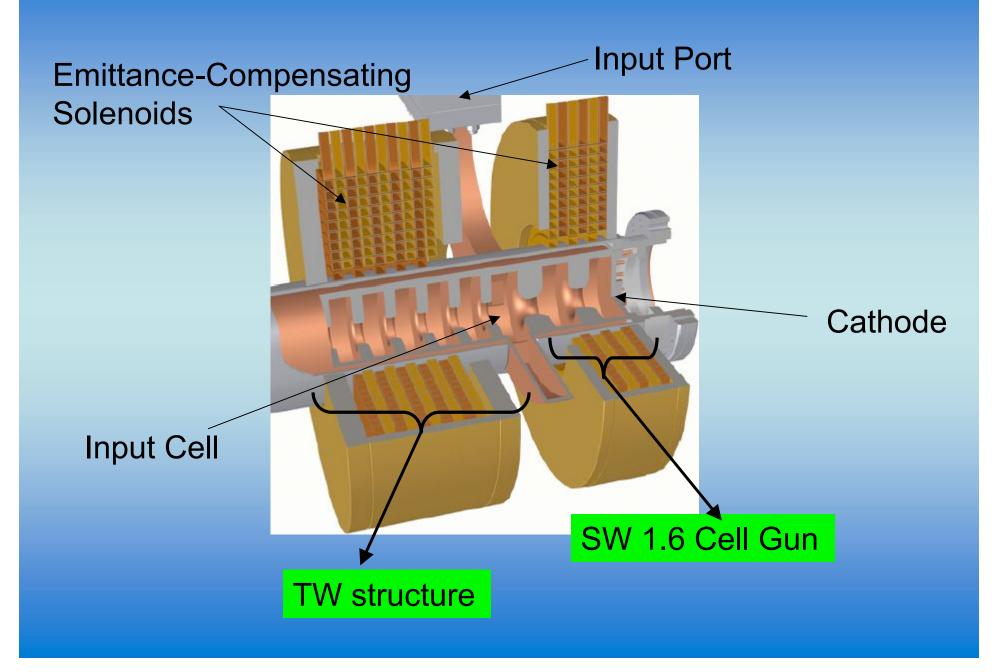
#### OUTLINE

# 1) The idea

## 2) Beam dynamics simulation results

# 3) Electromagnetic design results

#### 1) The Idea: sketch



## 1) The idea: advantages

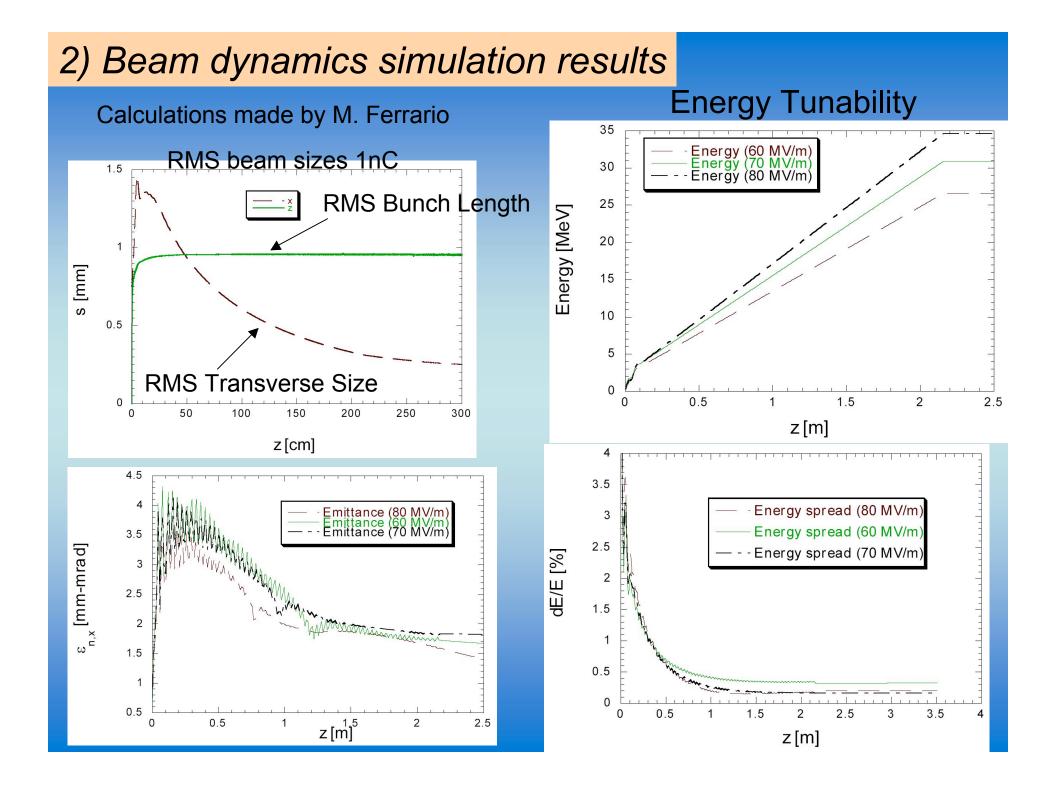
1) Eliminate transient reflection associated with SW structures (especially needed for X-band);

2) Compactness:

-simplicity (RF distribution system, etc.) -energy efficiency from TW section

3) Promising good beam dynamics:
Shorter pulses (no expansion after gun)
Flexible energy; velocity bunching (?),...

4) In S-band,  $E_B > 30$  MeV in single structure.



## 3) Electromagnetic design

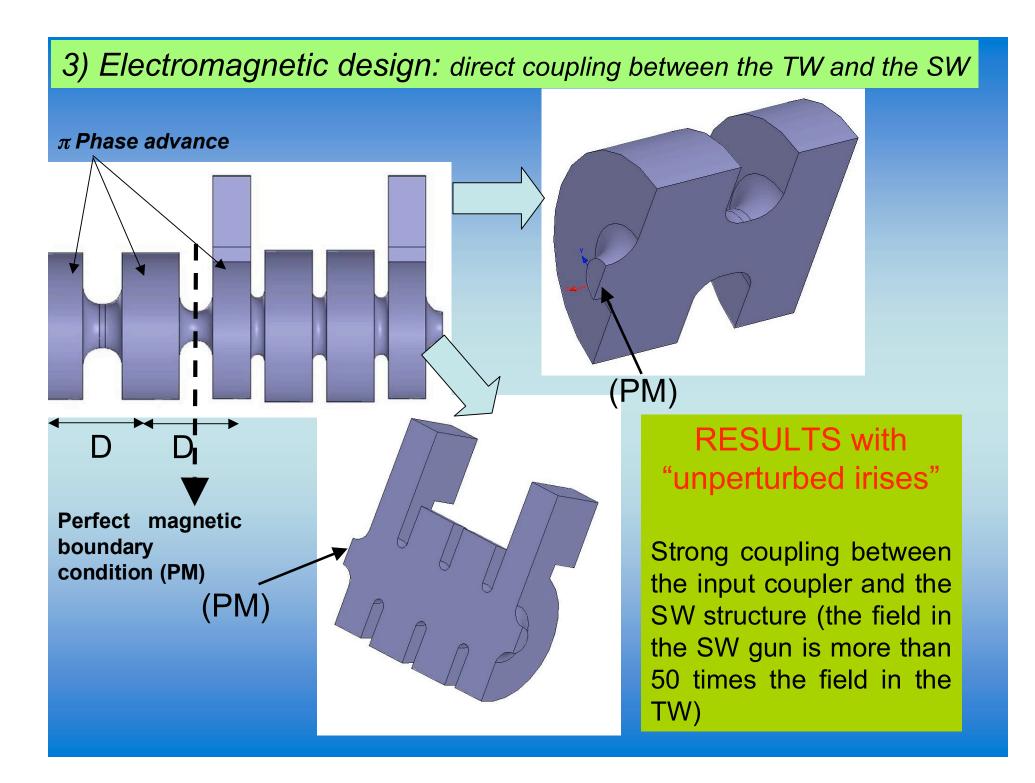
- a) Non trivial...challenge!
- b) Different possible approach for design:

a) *Direct coupling* between the TW structure and the SW structure

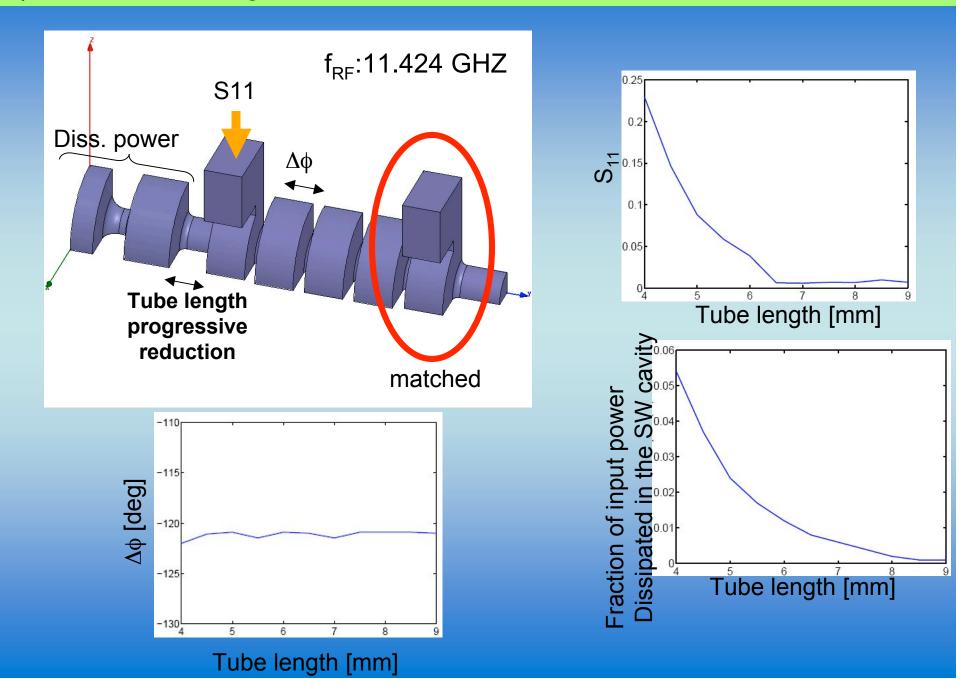
b) Adiabatic coupling between the SW and the TW structure

-beam tube length decrease

-coupling iris diameter increase

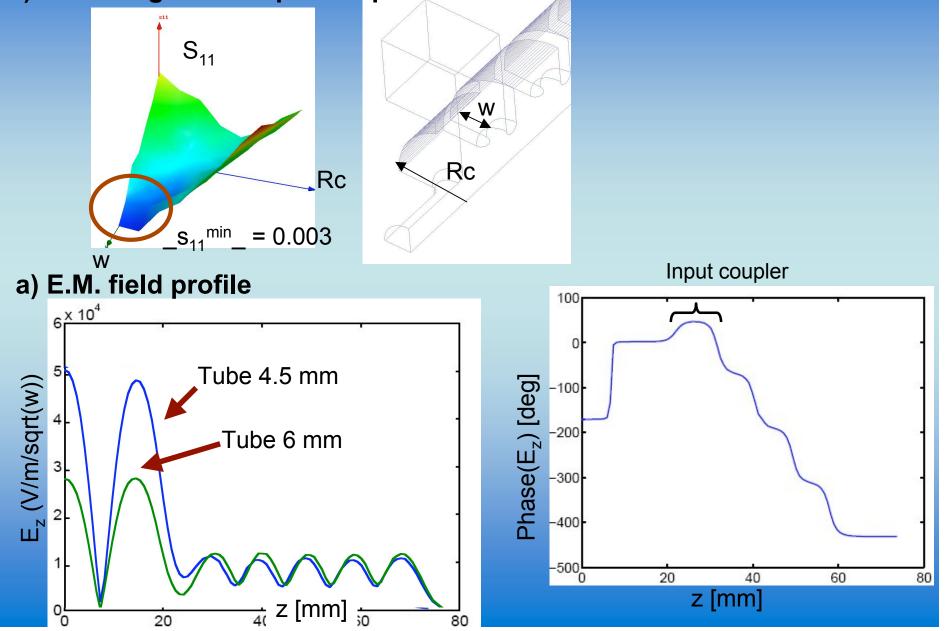


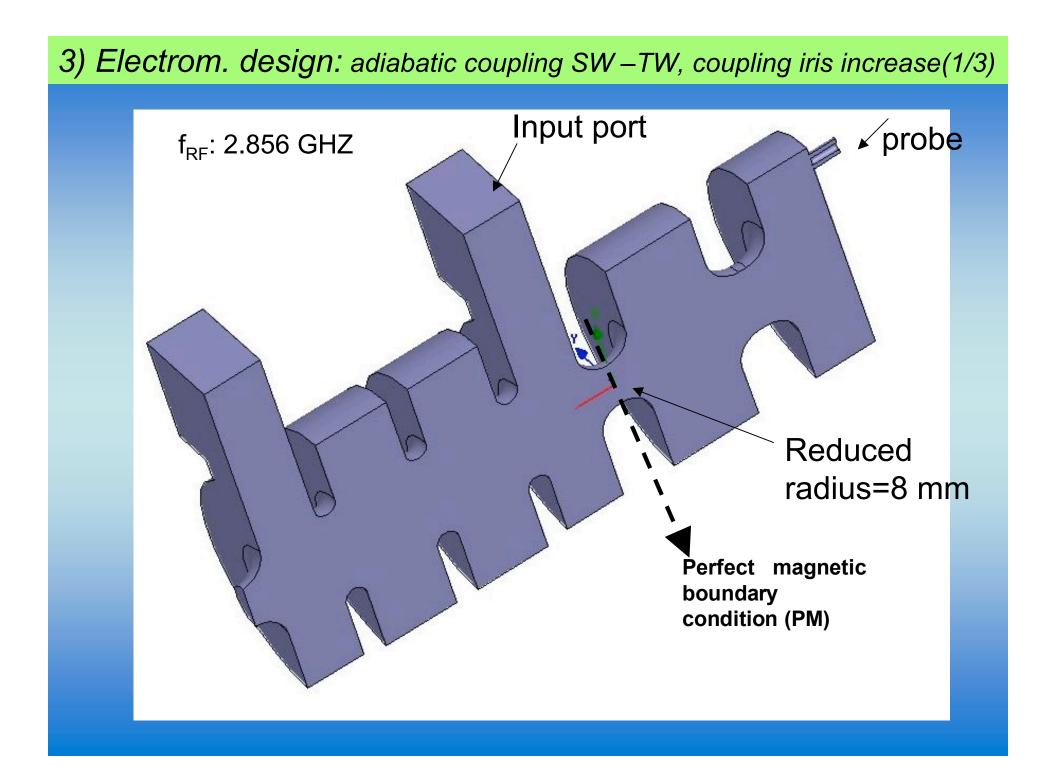
#### 3) Electrom. design: adiabatic coupling SW-TW tube length decrease (1/2)



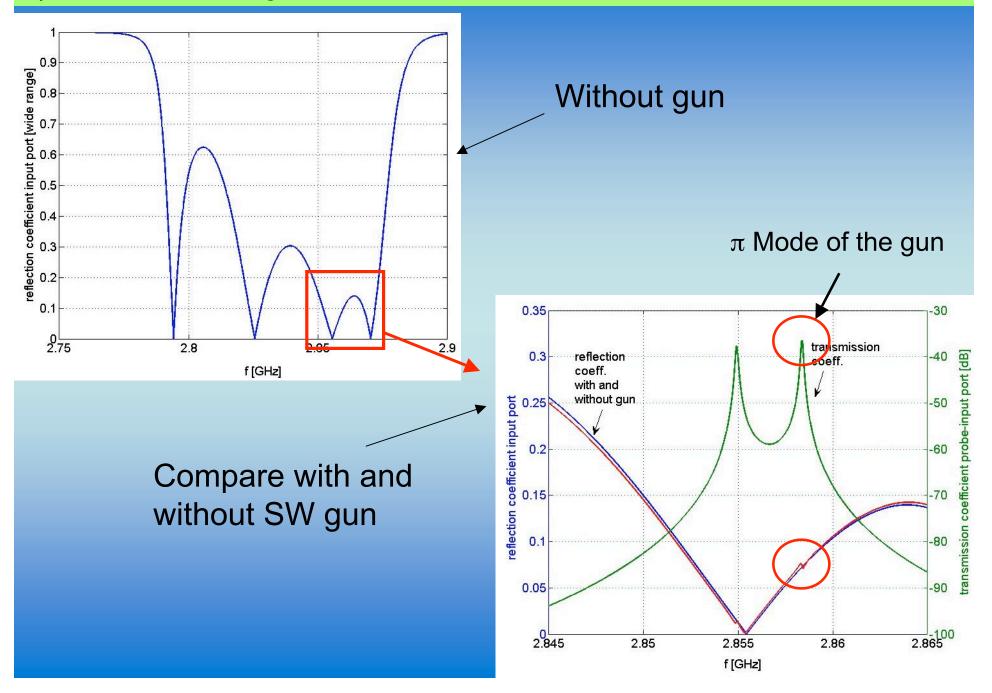
#### 3) Electrom. design: adiabatic coupling SW-TW tube length decrease (2/2)

#### a) Re-tuning of the input coupler

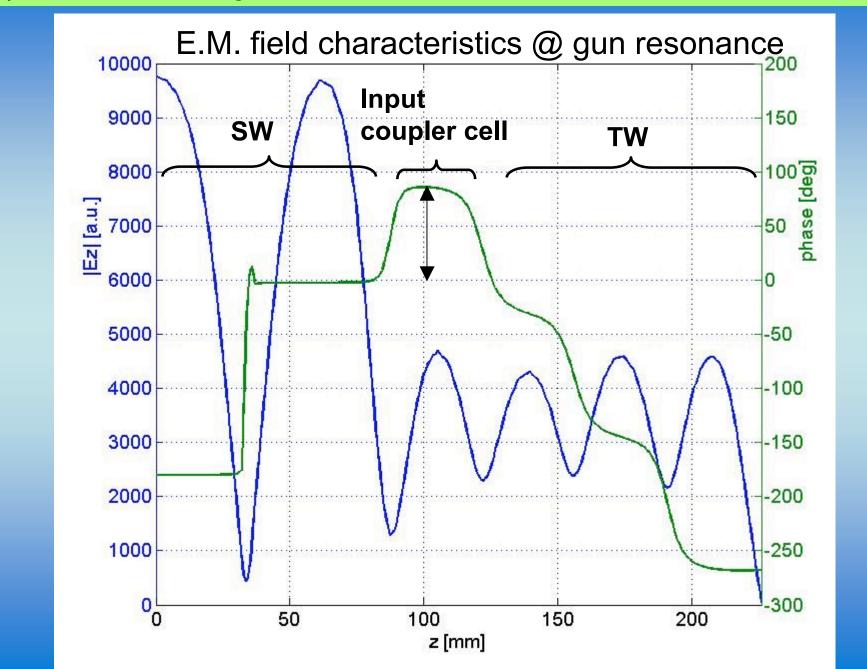




#### 3) Electrom. design: adiabatic coupling SW – TW, coupling iris increase(2/3)



3) Electrom. design: adiabatic coupling SW – TW, coupling iris increase(3/3)



## CONCLUSIONS

- 1) Hybrid SW-TW gun is a *very promising device* from the point of view of compactness simplicity, efficiency and beam dynamics;
- 2) *RF design is not trivial* but feasible: different ways to tune the gun have been investigated.

## TO BE DONE

- 1) *Final structure dimensions have to be found* to perfectly matched the TW to the SW cavity from the point of view of  $E_z$  phase
- 2) Understand *transient RF response* (as well as steady state)
- 3) Different *modes of operation* have to be investigated from the beam dynamics point of view (SW cavity slightly detuned, temperature tuning,...)
- 4) Possible *RF measurements* on the device have to be analyzed
- 5) Beam dynamics optimization.