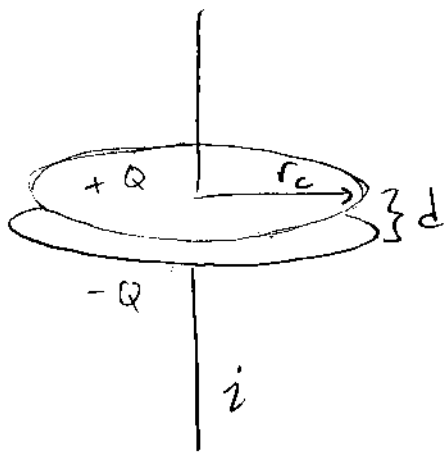


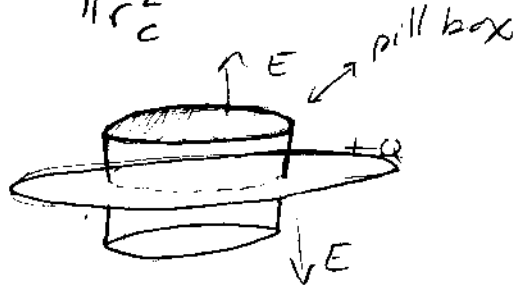
problem #12 Spring 2002



a) put charge $\pm Q$ on plates

$$\sigma_{\text{top}} = \frac{Q}{\pi r_c^2} \quad \sigma_{\text{bottom}} = -\frac{Q}{\pi r_c^2}$$

for one plate



$$\int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} Q_{\text{enc}} c$$

$$2|E|\pi r_c^2 = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{\pi r_c^2} \pi r_c^2$$

$$E = \frac{\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} Q}{2\pi r_c^2} = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \hat{n}$$

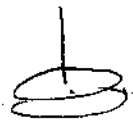
$$E_{\text{inside}} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$V = - \int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = - \frac{\sigma d}{\epsilon_0} = - \frac{Qd}{A\epsilon_0}$$

$$Q = CV$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} = - \frac{A\epsilon_0}{d} = \frac{\pi r_c^2 \epsilon_0}{d}$$

b)



$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I_{enc} + \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \int \left(\frac{d\vec{E}}{dt} \right) \cdot d\vec{a}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{E}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{Q}{\pi r_c^2 \epsilon_0} \right) = \frac{I}{\epsilon_0 \pi r_c^2}$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I_{enc} + \mu_0 \int_0^{l_0} \frac{I}{\pi r_c^2} \cdot d\vec{a}$$


$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = |\vec{B}| 2\pi r = \mu_0 I$$

$$\boxed{\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{E}}{dt} = \frac{I}{\epsilon_0 A} \Rightarrow \int \left(\frac{d\vec{E}}{dt} \right) \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{I}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\int \frac{I}{\epsilon_0 A} \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{I}{\epsilon_0}$$

c)



$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I_{enc} + \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \int \left(\frac{d\vec{E}}{dt} \right) \cdot d\vec{a}$$

$$|\vec{B}| 2\pi r = \mu_0 I$$

$$\boxed{\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}}$$