

4. Quantum Mechanics.

Consider a mass  $m$  particle in one dimension moving in the potential

$$V(x) = V_0 \left| \frac{x}{x_0} \right| \quad (1)$$

where  $V_0$  and  $x_0$  are constants.

Estimate the ground state energy of the particle.

Your score on this problem will be

$$\text{Your Score} = 20 \times e^{-\left(\frac{E-E_0}{E_0}\right)^2} \quad (2)$$

20 is the maximum score,  $E$  is your estimate,  $E_0$  is the exact ground state energy, and  $E$  and  $E_0$  are evaluated at  $V_0 = \frac{\hbar^2}{m x_0^2} = 1 \text{ eV}$ .

Lets pick trial wave function  $\psi = e^{-\alpha x^2/2}$

$$H = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{V_0}{x_0} |x| \quad V_0, x_0 \text{ are constants } x_0 > 0$$

$$E(\alpha) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha x^2/2} \left( \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{V_0}{x_0} |x| \right) e^{-\alpha x^2/2} dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha x^2/2} \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \alpha^2 x^2 e^{-\alpha x^2/2} + \frac{V_0}{x_0} |x| e^{-\alpha x^2/2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\alpha x^2}}{2m} \alpha^2 x^2 dx + \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{-V_0}{x_0} e^{-\alpha x^2} x dx + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{V_0}{x_0} e^{-\alpha x^2} x dx$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 e^{-\alpha x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2\alpha} \left( \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha x^2} x dx = \frac{1}{2\alpha}$$

$$u = -x \quad \frac{V_0}{x_0} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha u^2} u (-du) = \frac{V_0}{x_0} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha u^2} u du \quad \text{set } \dots$$

$$= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \int_0^a x^2 e^{-\alpha x^2} dx + \frac{V_0}{X_0} \int_0^a e^{-\alpha x^2} x dx + \frac{V_0}{X_0} \int_0^a e^{-\alpha x^2} x dx$$

$$= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \cdot \frac{1}{2\alpha} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{1/2} + \frac{V_0}{X_0} \frac{1}{2\alpha}$$

$$= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{1/2} + \frac{V_0}{X_0 \alpha} = -\frac{1}{2m} (\alpha \pi)^{1/2} + \frac{V_0}{X_0 \alpha}$$

$$\frac{dE}{d\alpha} = 0 = -\frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{1/2} - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{-1/2} (\pi)^{-1/2} \alpha^{-2} - \frac{V_0}{X_0 \alpha^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\pi}{4m} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/2} - \frac{V_0}{X_0 \alpha^2} - \frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{4m\alpha} (\pi\alpha)^{1/2} - \frac{V_0}{X_0 \alpha^2} - \frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{4m} (\pi\alpha)^{1/2} - \frac{V_0}{X_0} - \frac{\alpha}{2m} (\pi\alpha)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{4m} (\pi\alpha)^{1/2} = -\frac{V_0}{X_0} \quad \frac{\alpha^3 \pi}{(4m)^2} = \left(\frac{V_0}{X_0}\right)^2 \quad \left(\frac{V_0}{X_0}\right)^2 \frac{(4m)^2}{\pi} = \alpha^3$$

$$\alpha = \left(\frac{V_0}{X_0}\right)^{2/3} \frac{(4m)^{2/3}}{\pi^{1/3}}$$

$$E_0 \approx -\frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{V_0}{X_0}\right)^{1/3} \frac{(4m)^{1/3}}{\pi^{1/6}} \pi^{1/2} + \frac{V_0}{X_0} \frac{\pi^{1/3}}{(4m)^{2/3}} \left(\frac{X_0}{V_0}\right)^{1/3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2m} \left( \frac{V_0}{X_0} \right)^{1/6} \pi^{1/3} (4m)^{1/3} + \left( \frac{V_0^2}{X_0^5} \right)^{1/3} \frac{\pi^{1/3}}{(4m)^{2/3}}$$

$$E_{m,n} = \pi^{1/3} (4m)^{1/3} \left( \frac{V_0^{2/3}}{4m X_0^{5/3}} - \frac{V_0^{1/6}}{2m X_0^{1/6}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\pi^{1/3} (4m)^{1/3}}{m X_0^2} \left( \frac{V_0^{2/3} X_0^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{V_0^{1/6} X_0^{11/6}}{2} \right)$$