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Consider a mass  $m$  particle in one dimension moving in the potential

$$V(x) = V_0 \left| \frac{x}{x_0} \right|$$

where  $V_0$  and  $x_0$  are constants. Estimate the ground state of the particle.

$E_0$  is the exact ground state energy,  $V_0 = \frac{\hbar^2}{m x_0^2} = 1 \text{ eV}$ .

Use variational method, ... for other approaches see Bertrand's solution. Choose trial function

$$\psi(x) = \left( \frac{2a}{\pi} \right)^{1/4} e^{-ax^2}$$

The Hamiltonian is given by

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V(x) = -\frac{1}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + V_0 \left| \frac{x}{x_0} \right|$$

Now find  $\langle H \rangle$ .

$$\langle H \rangle = \frac{1}{2m} \langle p^2 \rangle + \frac{V_0}{|x_0|} \langle |x| \rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{2m} \langle p^2 \rangle = -\frac{1}{2m} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left( \frac{2a}{\pi} \right)^{1/4} e^{-ax^2} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} e^{-ax^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2m} \left( \frac{2a}{\pi} \right)^{1/4} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax^2} \frac{d}{dx} (-2ax) e^{-ax^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2m} \left( \frac{2a}{\pi} \right)^{1/4} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (-2a) e^{-2ax^2} dx - \frac{1}{2m} \left( \frac{2a}{\pi} \right)^{1/4} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 4a^2 x^2 e^{-2ax^2} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2m} \langle p^2 \rangle = \frac{a}{m} \sqrt{\frac{2a}{\pi}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2a}} - \frac{2a^2}{m} \sqrt{\frac{2a}{\pi}} \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2(2a)^{3/2}} = \frac{a}{m} - \frac{a^2}{m} \frac{1}{2a} = \boxed{\frac{a}{2m}} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{V_0}{|x_0|} \langle |x| \rangle = \frac{V_0}{|x_0|} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{e^{-ax^2} |x| e^{-ax^2}}_{\text{even function}} dx = \frac{2V_0}{|x_0|} \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-2ax^2} dx$$

$$\text{let } u = x^2 \Rightarrow du = 2x dx$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_0}{|x_d|} \langle |x| \rangle = \frac{2V_0}{|x_d|} \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{2} e^{-2au} du = \frac{V_0}{|x_d|} \left(-\frac{1}{2a}\right) \left[ e^{-2au} \right]_0^\infty = \frac{V_0}{2a|x_d|}$$

Thus, combining eqs (1) and (2) we get

$$\langle H \rangle = \frac{q}{2m} + \frac{V_0}{2a|x_d|}$$

now find the extremum.

$$0 = \frac{\partial \langle H \rangle}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{2m} - \frac{V_0}{2a^2|x_d|} \xrightarrow{\text{solving for } a} \frac{V_0}{2|x_d|} = \frac{1}{2m} a^2$$

$$\therefore a = \sqrt{\frac{mV_0}{|x_d|}}$$

then

$$\begin{aligned} E = \langle H(a) \rangle &= \frac{1}{2m} \sqrt{\frac{mV_0}{|x_d|}} + \frac{V_0}{2|x_d|} \sqrt{\frac{|x_d|}{mV_0}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{V_0}{m|x_d|}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{V_0}{m|x_d|}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{V_0}{m|x_d|}} = \sqrt{V_0^2} = \boxed{V_0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{so, my score is } 20 \times e^{-\left(\frac{V_0 - V_0}{V_0}\right)^2} = 20$$