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Design and Construction of Frequency Stabilized External Cavity Diode Lasers

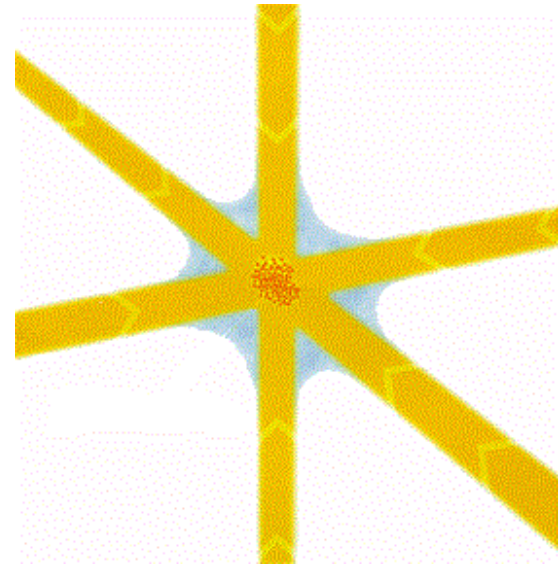
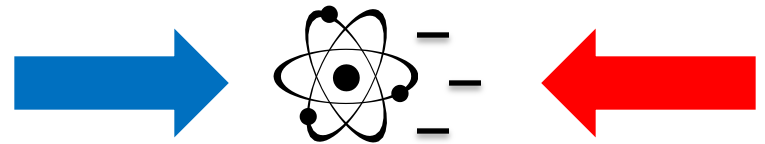
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University of Rochester

RSPS 2013

Why We Need Frequency Stabilized Lasers: Laser Cooling

Laser cooling requires lasers with:

- Narrow linewidth to precisely address individual atomic transitions
- Stable frequency over time (low frequency drift)

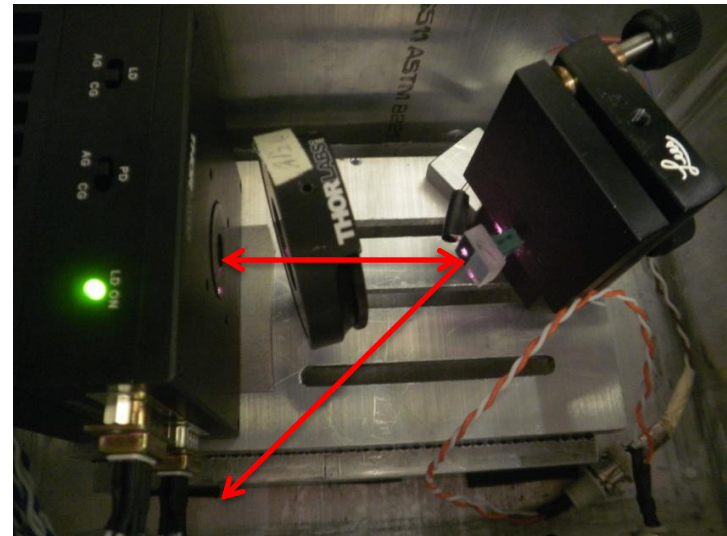
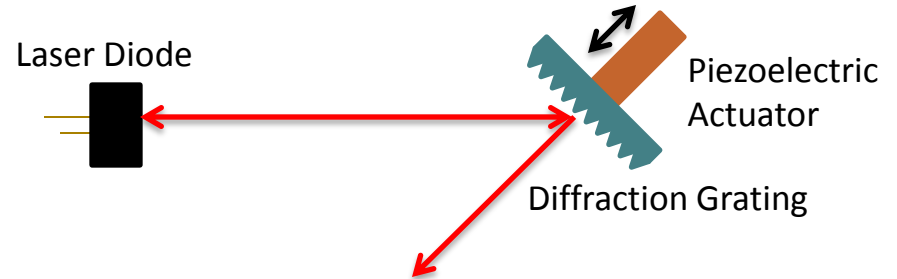


(http://www.nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/physics/laureates/1997/illpres/trapping.html)

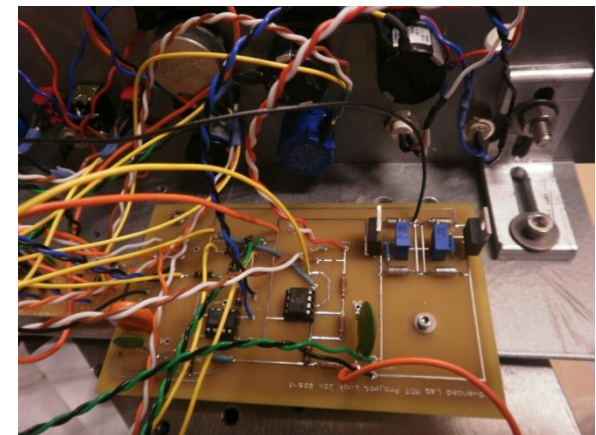
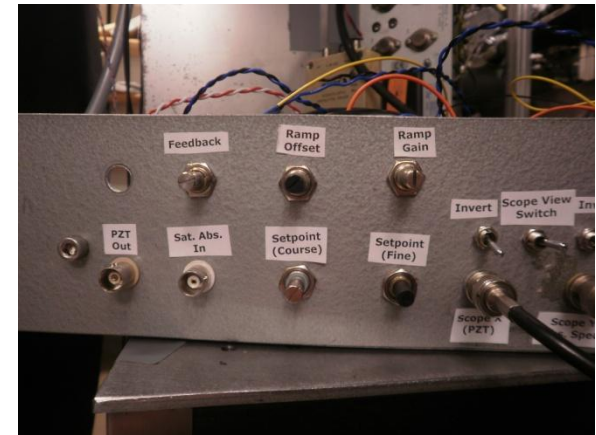
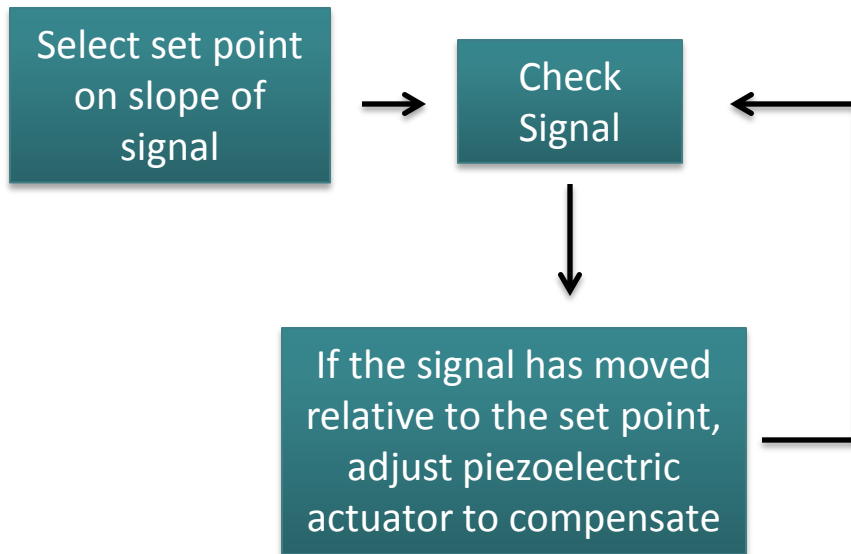
External Cavity Littrow Configuration

An external cavity narrows the linewidth and allows us to tune the frequency of the laser:

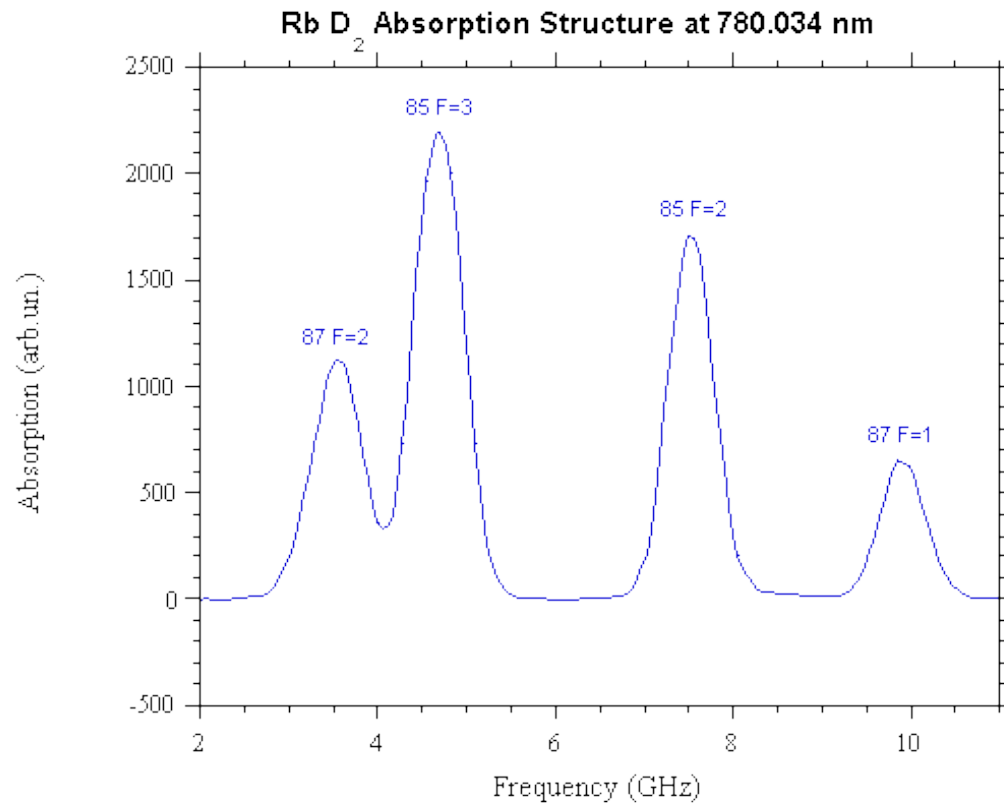
- The diffraction grating reflects only the chosen frequency back into the diode
- Moving the grating with the piezoelectric actuator changes the cavity length



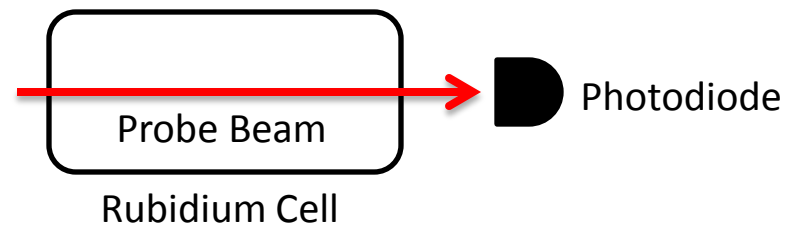
Locking a Laser



Doppler Broadening

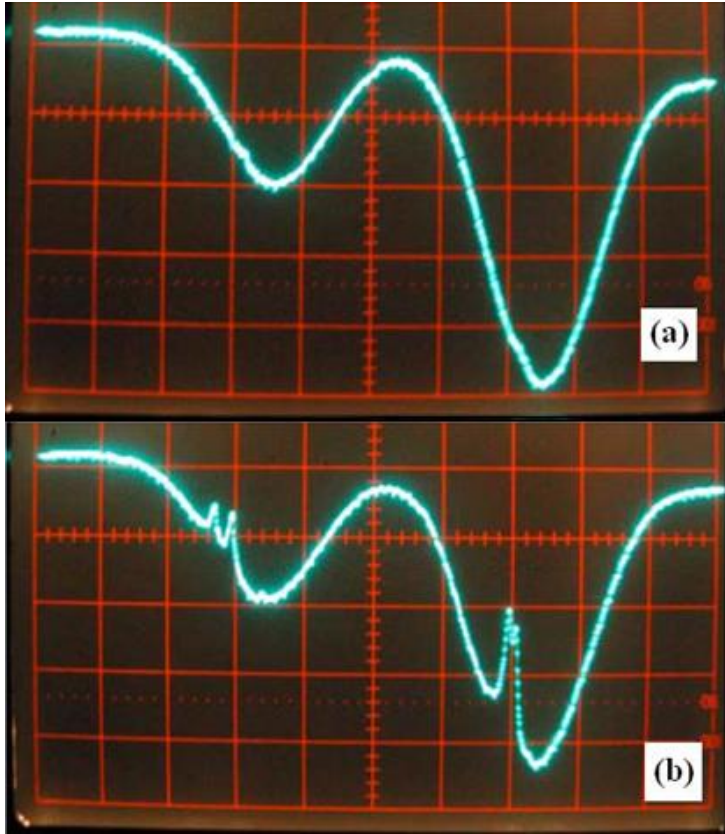


(<http://digilander.libero.it/lucch/LIDRb.html>)

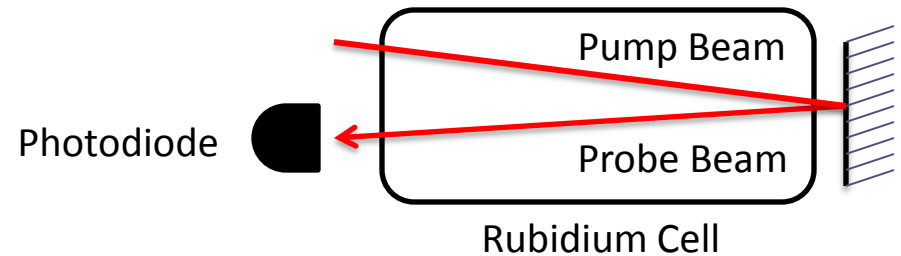


Doppler shifting of the laser by thermal motion of atoms causes transitions to widen into Doppler peaks

Saturated Absorption Spectroscopy



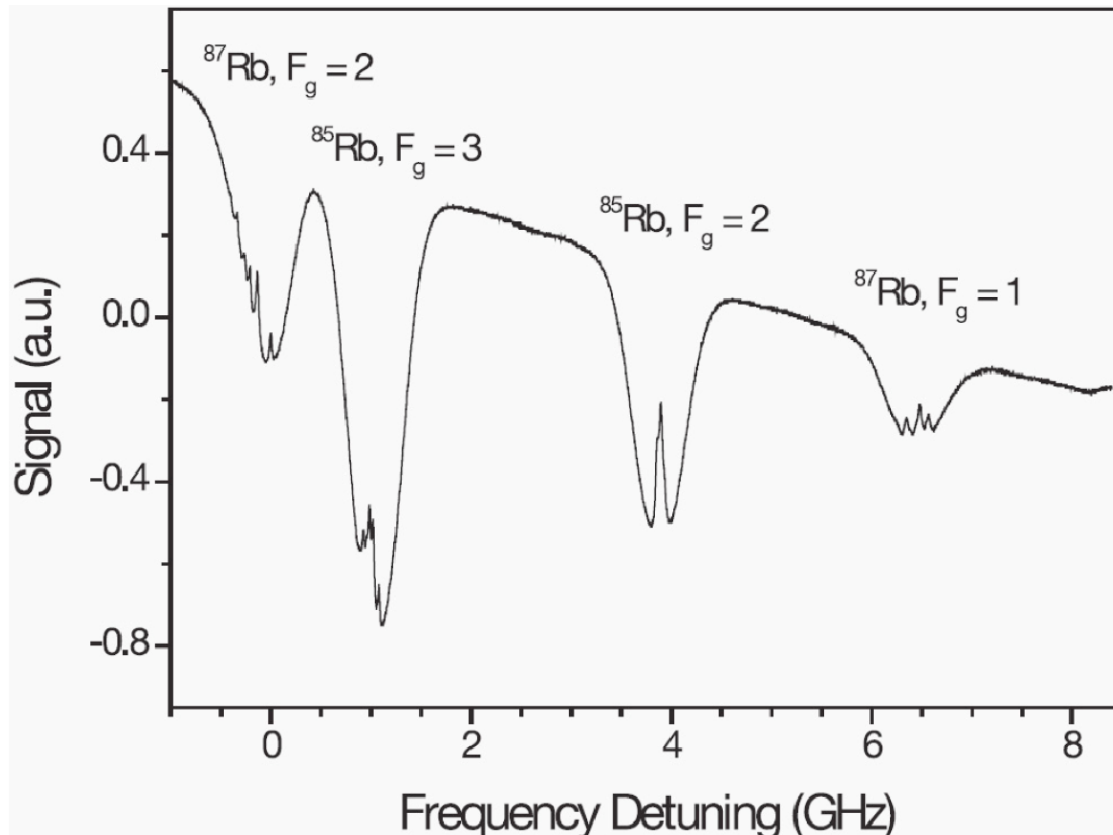
(Georgia Tech sat. spec. lab manual)



- Off resonance: beams address different atoms, both are absorbed.
- On resonance: beams both address only zero-velocity atoms. Atoms are excited by the pump beam, so the probe beam is not absorbed.

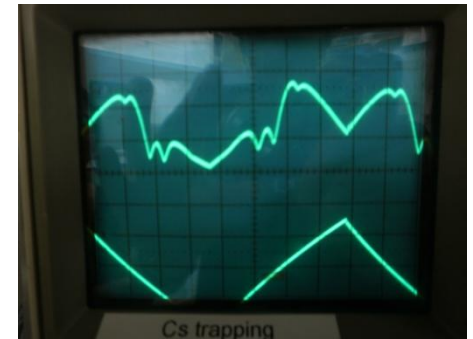
Observing Hyperfine Splitting

Sample Spectra

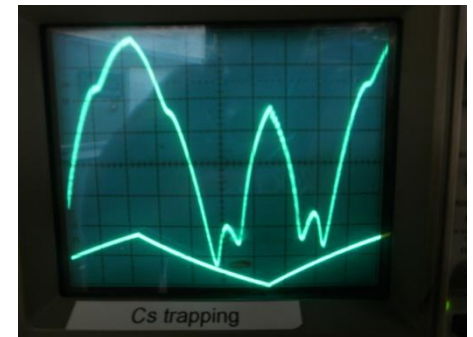


(Georgia Tech sat. spec. lab manual)

Our Spectra

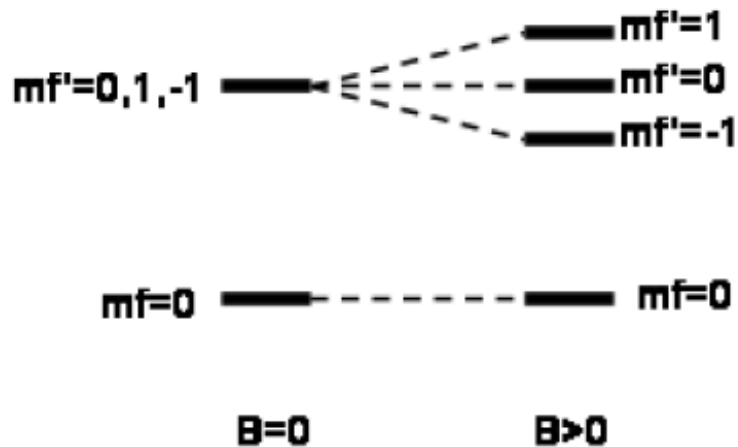


$^{87}\text{Rb}, F_g = 1$



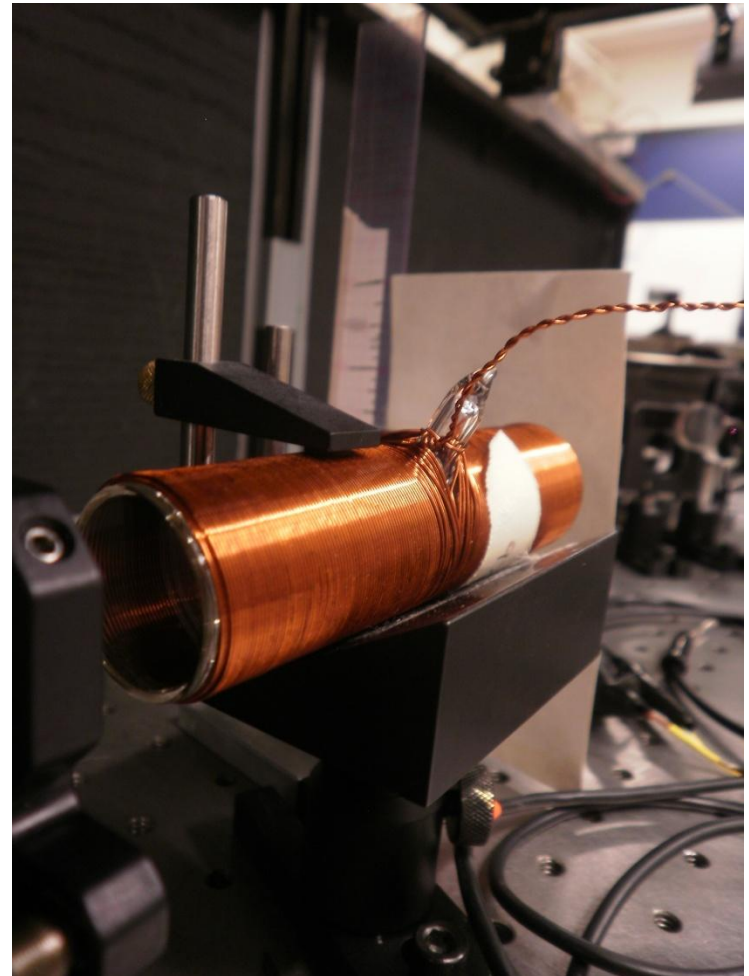
$^{85}\text{Rb}, F_g = 3$

Dichroic Atomic Vapor Laser Locking (DAVLL)

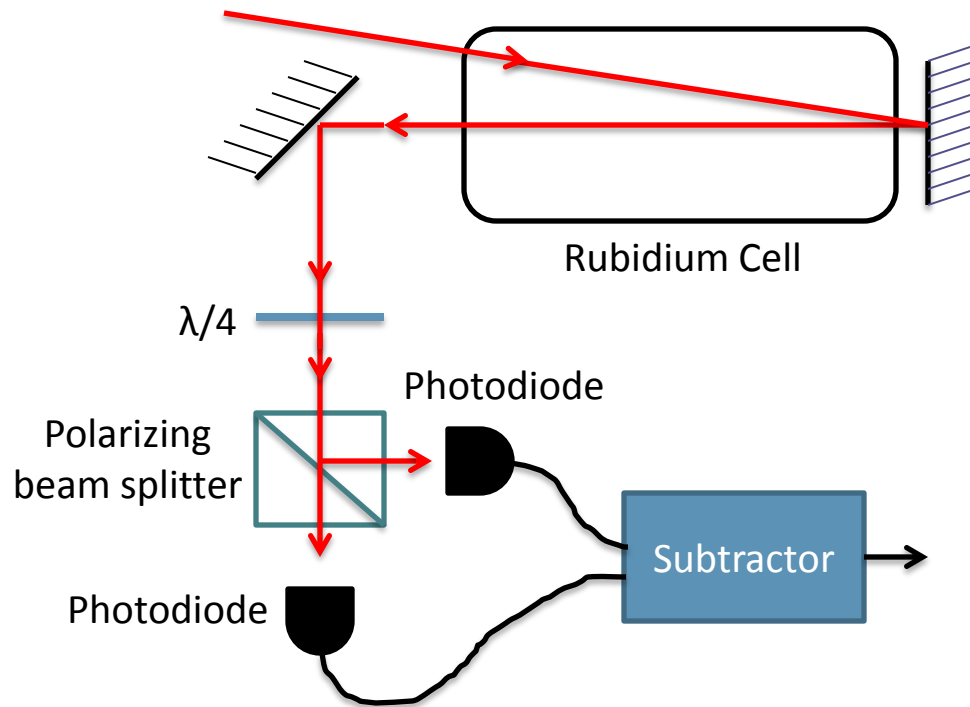


(Tscherneck, 2008)

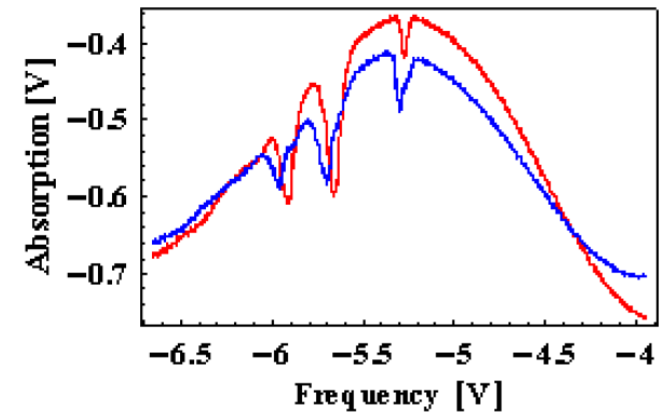
- A magnetic field applied to the Rubidium cell causes Zeeman splitting
- Different Zeeman levels absorb different circular polarizations of light



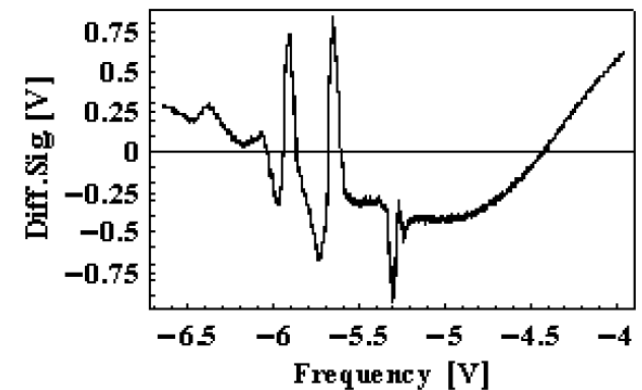
Dichroic Atomic Vapor Laser Locking (DAVLL)



Photodiode Signals

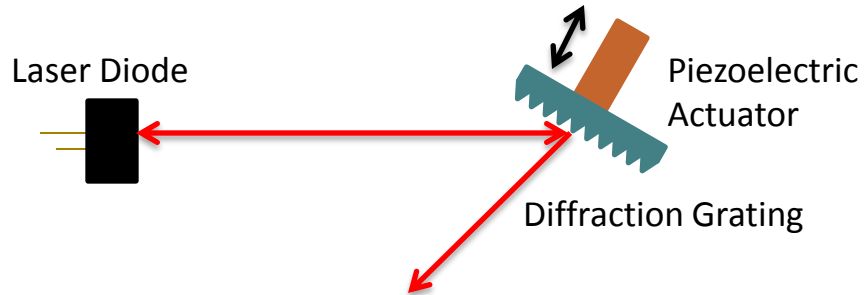


Subtracted Signals

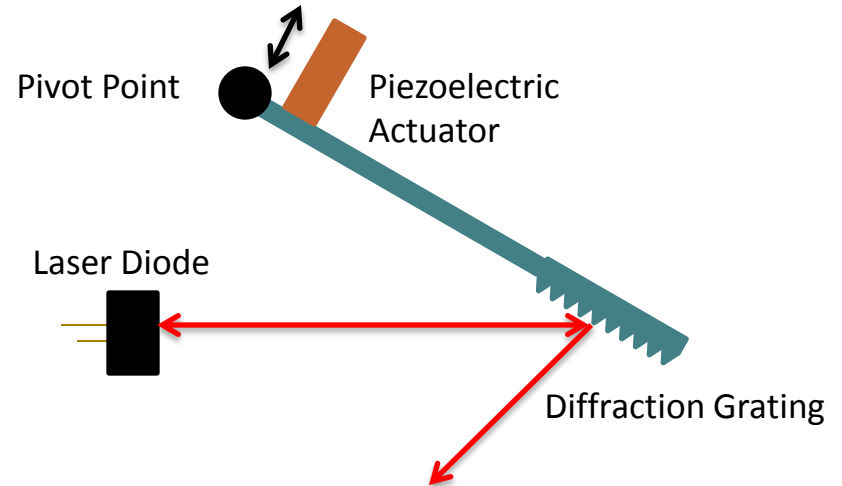


Future Work: Mode-hop Suppression

Current Cavity Arrangement



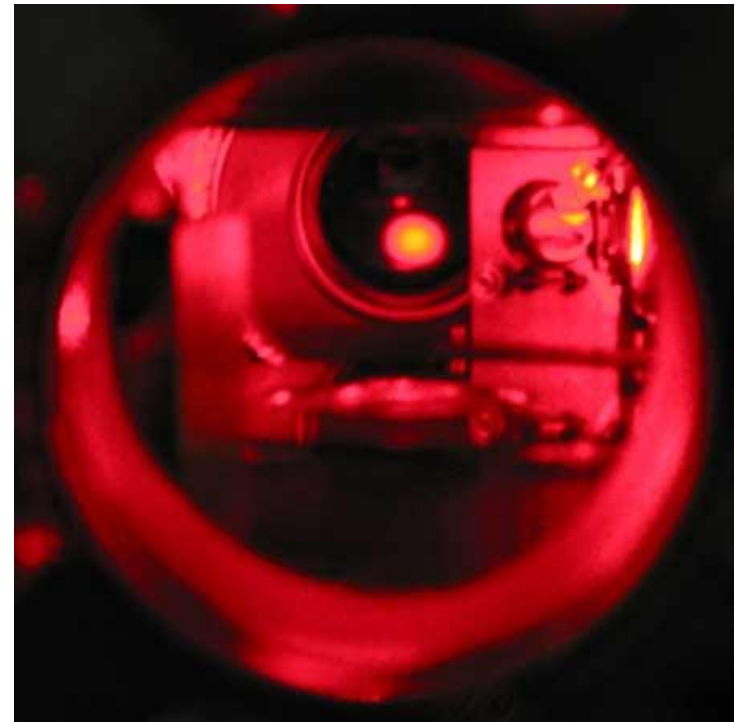
Mode-hop Free Cavity



Future Work: MOT Construction



(http://www.coldquanta.com/Products__Cold_Atoms.html)



(<http://www.laserfest.org/lasers/innovations.cfm>)



Acknowledgments



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- Professor Bigelow and his lab group
- Professor Wolfs
- Connie Jones
- The National Science Foundation REU Program

References

The Georgia Tech Saturation Spectroscopy lab manual

<http://advancedlab.physics.gatech.edu/labs/SaturationSpectroscopy/SatSpecManual.pdf>

“Stabilizing a Diode Laser to an External Reference” by Thijs Hoogeveen, 2003

<https://www.kvi.nl/~trimp/web/Theses/ThijsHoogeveen.pdf>

“Molecule Chips” by Michaela Tscherneck, 2008

<https://urresearch.rochester.edu/institutionalPublicationPublicView.action?institutionalItemId=5635&versionNumber=1>

M. De Labachellerie and G. Passedat. “Mode-hop suppression of Littrow grating-tuned lasers.” *Applied Optics* 32.3 (1993): 269-274